

## Kongres Container

# Power consumption of UK energy storage power stations



## Overview

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What data does the UK's electricity sector provide?

Annual review of the UK's electricity sector, with data provided on generation, fuel used, power station capacity and demand by detailed sector splits. A summary and explanation of long term trends are provided in the chapter text. Quarterly and monthly data on electricity generation, fuel used, trade and electricity demand by broad sector.

How much battery storage capacity does the UK have?

The UK's total battery storage project pipeline currently contains a total of 127GW of capacity. Figure 1 demonstrates the amount of capacity at each development stage as a proportion of the total pipeline. 8% of the capacity pipeline in the UK is operational or under construction, with 31% approved and yet to begin construction.

How much energy does the UK use?

In 2019 the UK's total primary energy consumption was 141,951 ktoe (1651 TWh), predominantly from fossil fuels: petroleum products (44%) and natural gas (31%) (Figure 1 (a)) (BEIS, 2020a). Figure 1 (b) & Figure 1 (c) shows this consumption by end use; the greatest use of energy is for heating (45%) followed by transport (41%).

How has UK energy consumption changed over the last 30 years?

UK primary energy consumption (BEIS 2020a) Fuels used in electricity supply have changed significantly over the last 30 years (Figure 2), in particular the decline of coal (BEIS, 2020a; BEIS, 2019b). This is characterised by a shift to gas-fired power stations in the 1990s, followed by increasing renewables in the last decade.

Could energy storage help stabilise electricity prices?

Having substantial grid-scale energy storage could help stabilise electricity

prices, which might give households lower and less volatile bills. It would also reduce the need to fire up gas generators during supply lulls, lowering the influence of expensive imported gas on electricity prices.

What is primary energy consumption in the UK?

Oil (petroleum) provides 96% of energy for transport while gas meets 66% of the demand for heat. As these figures are in terms of primary energy, the energy to meet different uses will be less, depending on the efficiency of the process. Figure 1. UK primary energy consumption (BEIS 2020a)

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